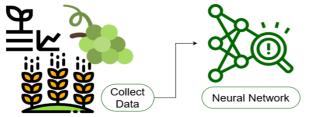
Artificial Intelligence for Smart Agriculture

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Artificial Intelligence – Defines a collection of tools for understanding and explaining the data around us. **Problematic:** Data can take many forms and are often too large for human analysis alone.

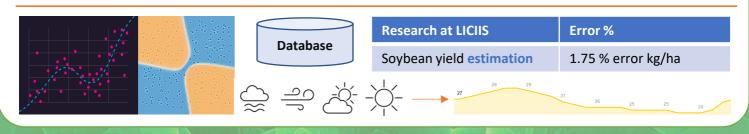


Agriculture is a significant source of information.

Solutions: AI takes place where agriculture needs more sustainability and addresses solutions to food insecurity (resources management, Defying diseases and parasites).

A dynamic field of AI research for smart agriculture focuses on yield estimating methods and disease detection/identification. Proposed solutions include yield monitoring.

Yield estimation - Linear regression - linear approach for modelling relationship.



Yield estimation – Most methods done by human operators lead to high-margin error (30% to 50% in some cases).

Computer vision algorithms

- Estimating fruit weight and rentability before harvesting.
- Automatic yield monitoring.
- Yield Estimation.

Predicting a yield early enough allows for better management of the harvest as well as storage.

Research at LICIIS	Error %
Vineyard grape monitoring	2% missed fruit / vine

Disease identification - 20-40% of crop loss is due to diseases and pests. Al enables large-scale detection and outperforms humans in early disease detection.

Al is used to identify diseases with an image RGB – 99% classification accuracy in laboratory conditions.
Nowadays, research focuses on real-time disease detection with on-field conditions.
Nowadays, research at LICIIS
Research at LICIIS focuses on lowenergy efficient Al running on microcontrollers to reduce the impact on energy usage.

Conclusion and perspective – AI can help with farm data to understand agronomic phenomena.

- AI model can detect diseased fruits responsible for the loss of quality.
- Al gives more accurate transport planning and better human management through disease monitoring and early yield estimation.

